Network Analysis:

The Hidden Structures behind the Webs We Weave 17-213 / 17-668

Network Visualization Thursday, November 16, 2023

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2-min Quiz, on Canvas

General Considerations

Visualization is powerful



Graphs condense information effectively

Intuitive understanding of patterns not shown in summary statistics

Visualization is powerful



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Graphs condense information effectively

Intuitive understanding of patterns not shown in summary statistics

Source: Albert Rapp's tweet

"To go beyond is as wrong as to fall short" - Confucius-



Data to ink ratio

- Pack as much information with least amount of ink
- Reduce visual junk when possible



Data to ink ratio

- Pack as much information with least amount of ink
- Reduce visual junk when possible
- Minimal ink is not always best

Color scheme

Choose color scheme that is perceptually uniform with the measure

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Two Americas: The Geography of Upward Mobility by Race

Average Individual Income for Boys with Parents Earning \$25,000 (25th percentile)



Note: Green = More Upward Mobility, Red = Less Upward Mobility; Grey = Insufficient Data

Chetty et al. 2019

here and a second se	BLACK	WHITE
Grew up rich	852 26%	1,411 _{43%}
Upper-middle-class adult	705 22%	741
Middle-class adult	646 20%	488
Lower-middle-class adult	541 17%	298 9%
 Black men White men 	554 17%	254 ^{8%}

Pre-attentive pop-out

Some objects readily "pop out" through particular visual channels



Finding the blue circle takes progressively longer

Source: Healy, 2019

Arrangement in some channels trump others (color over shape)

Network visualization gives large degrees of freedom to utilize different channels

- Area or size (e.g., centrality)
- Color (e.g., community membership)
- Length (e.g., network distance)





Network Visualization facilitates intuitive understanding of the data with the use of adequate visual elements for nodes and edges (shape, color, thickness, layout, etc.)



But, large networks are difficult to visualize and to make sense of





The spatial arrangement of nodes and edges can be misleading

Börner, Katy. Atlas of Science: Visualizing What We Know. (2010). The MIT Press. Pg 13.











layout_with_mds







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Widely used graph layouts

Circular layout: position nodes on a circle

Force-directed algorithm: attraction between connected nodes, repulsion between unconnected nodes. Repulsion is proportional to the product of the degrees of two nodes (e.g., FruchtermanReingold, ForceAtlas)

Global labor flow network

- LinkedIn data
- Reveals geo-industrial clusters
- **a.** Nodes are geo-industrial clusters (groups of companies)

b. ~ **e.** Nodes are companies within a geo-industrial cluster



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3D is aesthetically pleasing

But, often not very informative because of too many visual elements for the naked eye to process

Example: Research Co-citation among articles published in *Nature* <u>https://www.nature.com/immersive/d41586-019-03165-4/index.html</u>

3D visualization can be effective if:

Visualization goal is clear

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Graph representation



3D visualization can be effective if:

Visualization goal is clear

Contour representation

The Discipline Structure of Social Science Journals Co-citation ties among 1657 Social Science Journals



Each node is a journal and links between journals are the weighted similarity of their citation vectors (cited by others). So two journals will have a strong edge connecting them if they are cited similarly by all other journals. Spatial layout is determined with a valued-edge spring-embedder, so similar journals will be placed close to each other. A 2-dimensional density estimate for the number of nodes at each xy point in the space defines the contour plot, identifying regions where many nodes cluster, allowing us to identify disciplines. Labels are placed based on the prominent journals in each local region of the figure





3D + Heat Map representation

Network Visualization: An Example

Experimenting with Visual Elements: Final proproduct



Fig. 3 Network wormholes in Singapore's Twitter network.

Each dot represents an individual, and each edge represents a bidirected @mention. Nodes and edges are colored according to membership in distinct network communities (31). A sample of network wormholes (with range six or above and above-median tie strength) is shown in yellow. The inset highlights a single wormhole of range eight, i.e., the second-shortest path between the yellow nodes requires traversing eight intermediary ties (blue edges). The sizes of the nodes in the inset are proportional to the number of network neighbors. One month of work

Objective: Visualize a network and highlight network wormholes (strong, long-range ties)

Josh Blumenstock's idea: Added illustration of long-range ties as an inset



Twitter mention network (Singapore) This is the final version

OpenORD layout Colors: community detection (correspond to language communities) Low opacity (transparent) Only edges (no nodes)

Sampled only range=2 edges



Twitter mention network (Singapore)

Yifanhu Layout Reduced opacity even more

Dropped Yifanhu layout because of excessive concentration of the edges

Yifanhu Layout



Twitter mention network (Singapore)

sampled range=8 ties

Experimented with different layouts and opacity

OpenORD Layout



Twitter mention network (Singapore)

Further sampled down to range=8 ties with 15+ mentions (i.e., wormholes)

OpenORD Layout



Twitter mention network (Singapore)

sampled range=8 ties

Experimented with different line styles



Closeup view of a wormhole The ties on the second shortest path of the wormhole are colored red

The long-rangeness did not visually stand out



Closeup view of a wormhole (yellow tie)

Filtered out the wormhole tie from the data and ran the layout algorithm without it

The two wormhole nodes moved farther apart from each other

After fixing the positions, I removed the filter so that the wormhole tie would become visible again

Created another filter just for this long-range tie and colored it yellow

Mini Workshop

Demonstration with Gephi

Country-to-country networks are close to ideal for gaining insights from visualizations

"The Mesh of Civilizations"

 Email and Twitter ties between countries reveal the persistence of cultural divisions even in the digital age



Demonstration with Gephi

Interface Arrangement

Data: Github Innovation Graph

Analytics

Filters



Top Economy Collaborators

Final word

Treat your data with honesty



Gun deaths in Florida

Number of murders committed using firearms



C. Chan 16/02/2014

Summary

Visualization is an art

- Visual elements as tools
- "To go beyond is as wrong as to fall short" - Confucius-
- Network visualization is harder because of orders of magnitude more visual elements
- Effective data reduction is key
- Visualization is great for exploration
- Be honest with your data